# Legionella

### What is Legionella?

- Legionella is a bacterium that causes Legionnaires' disease and Pontiac Fever
- Legionella is found naturally in the environment, usually in warm water.
- Most people with Legionnaires' disease will have pneumonia (lung infection) since the Legionella bacteria grow and thrive in the lungs.
- Pontiac fever is a milder infection that usually last 2-5 days and does not cause pneumonia.

### What are Legionella disease symptoms?

- Legionella disease symptoms may include:
  - o Cough
  - o Shortness of breath
  - o High fever
  - Muscle aches
  - Headaches
- Symptoms begin 2 to 14 days after being exposed to the bacteria.

## How does Legionella spread?

- The bacteria grow best in warm water found in
  - Hot tubs
  - Cooling towers
  - Hot water tanks
  - o Large plumbing systems
  - Decorative fountains
- People get *Legionella* when they breathe in contaminated mist or vapor, (small droplets of water in the air).
- Legionella is not spread person-to-person.







### Who is at risk for getting Legionella infection?

- Most healthy individuals do not become infected with *Legionella* bacteria after exposure.
- People at higher risk of becoming ill after exposure are:
  - Older people (usually 50 years of age or older)
  - Current or former smokers
  - o Those with a chronic lung disease (like COPD or emphysema)
  - Those with a weak immune system from diseases like cancer, diabetes, or kidney failure
  - People who take drugs that suppress (weaken) the immune system, like after a transplant operation or chemotherapy.

#### How can the spread of *Legionella* be stopped?

- The key to preventing Legionnaires' disease is facility maintenance of the water systems in which *Legionella* grows, including drinking water systems, hot tubs, decorative fountains, and cooling towers.
- Ensure water systems are kept at the appropriate water temperatures and chemically treated.
- Healthcare facilities, like hospitals and assisted living facilities should have a Legionella prevention plan that includes testing, and short-term and long-term remediation plans for the plumbing and hydrotherapy systems.
- Public places like hotels, casinos, and splash parks with water features, decorative pools, and hot tubs should have a recreational water treatment plan including regularly scheduled testing, cleaning, and treatment.
- There is no vaccine to prevent Legionella.
- Persons at increased risk of infection may choose to avoid high-risk exposures, like being in or near a hot tub or decorative fountains and breathing in the mist.

#### Where can I find more information?

• Go to <u>cdc.gov</u> and type *Legionella* in SEARCH box.

