Q FEVER, ACUTE OR CHRONIC INVESTIGATION FORM **Dates** ___/__/_____ ___/__/_____ ___/___/____ Onset ER Visit Hsp Admit Rep to Area/County Physician Date Basic Demographic Data Last Name: First Name: Middle Name:_____ Suffix: ___ DOB: __ _/ __ /_ _ _ Age: ____ month / years Current Sex: Female Male Unknown Street Address 1: Street Address 2: State: City: Zip Code: ___ __ County:_____ ____ Country:____ Home Phone: (_____) -- ___ - __ - ___ - ___ Cell Phone: (_____) -- ___ - ____-Work Phone: (_____) -- ___ - _ Ext. __ _ _ Ethnicity: Hispanic or Latino Not Hispanic or Latino Message: () -- -Unknown American Indian or Alaska Native Black or African American Race: Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander White Investigation Summary Investigation Start Date: __ _/__/_____ Investigation Status: Open Closed Investigator: Date assigned: Reporting Source Date of Report: ___/___/_____ Reporting Source: Earliest Date Reported to: County: __ _ / __ _ _ State: __ _ / __ _ / __ __ Reporter: Clinical Physician's Name: Phone Number: () -- - Ext. Was patient hospitalized for this illness? No Unknown Yes If yes: Hospital Name: Admission Date : ___ /__ /__ __ Discharge Date: ___ /__ /__ Duration of Stay ____ day(s) Diagnosis Date: __ _/__/____ Illness Onset Date: __ _/ __ /__ ___ Illness End Date: ___ / __ / __ _ Illness Duration: ____ Circle: days/hrs./minutes/months/unknown/weeks/years Circle: days/hrs./minutes/months/unknown/weeks/years Is the patient pregnant? No Xinknown Yes No Unknown Yes Does the patient have pelvic inflammatory disease? Did the patient die from this illness? Date of Death: No Unknown Yes **Epidemiologic** is this patient associated with a day care facility?///No////Unknown////Yes// Is this patient a tood handler?///No////Unknown/ is this case part of an outbrea No. Unknown Yes It yes outbreak name: Where was the disease acquired? Andigenous within jurisdiction TOUT OF COUNTRY Out of jurisdiction, from another jurisdiction Unknown Out of state If the answer is out of Country, Jurisdiction, or State, where was it acquired? Imported Country: Imported State: Imported County. Imported City Transmission Mode Airborne Bloodborne Nosocomial Sexually Tri Sexually Transmitted // Vectorborne Waterborne Confirmation Method Epidemiologically Linked Case Outbreak Investigation Active Surveillance Clinical Diagnosis Medical Record Review Laboratory Confirmed Laboratory Report Local/State Specified Ma information given// Provider Certified Occupational Disease Surveillance

General Comments:	Confirmation Date:/	e Probable Suspect Unknown
Date Due: _	Administrative	
Date mestigation ready for Supervisor review:/	General Comments:	
Date investigation ready for supervisor review:	Custom Fields	
Does the physician feel the patient pregnant? No Unknown Yes Is/was the physician feel the patient pregnant? No Unknown Yes Is/was the patient pregnant? No Unknown Yes Yes No-productive cough: No Unknown Yes Y	Date Due:// Investigation ready for Supervisor r	eview:
Selvas the patient pregnant? No Unknown Yes If yes, did fetal death/abortion occur due to Q Fever? No Unknown Yes	Condition Specific Custom Fields	
Fever: No Unknown Yes Highest Temp:	Is/was the patient pregnant? No Unknown Yes If yes, did fetal death/abort	tion occur due to Q Fever? No Unknown Yes
Retrobulbar Headache (behind eyes): No	Clinical	
Dispreax No Unknown Yes	Retrobulbar Headache (behind eyes): No Unknown Yes Non-productive Confusion: No Unknown Yes Nausea: Fatigue: No Unknown Yes Vomiting:	e cough: No Unknown Yes No Unknown Yes No Unknown Yes
Were the following manifestations of Acute Q-Fever diagnosed: 1. acute hepatitis? 2. atypical pneumonia with abnormal radiograph? 3. No Unknown Yes 3. meningoencephalitis? 3. No Unknown Yes 3. meningoencephalitis? 3. No Unknown Yes 4. No Unknown Yes 4. Infection lasting - 6 months? 4. Infection of lasting - 6 months? 5. infection of vascular protheses? 4. Suspect vascular aneurysm infection? 5. suspect vascular prosthesis infection? 6. acute, culture-neg. endocarditis? 7. osteomyelitis of unknown etiology? 8. chronic hepatitis of unknown etiology? 8. chronic hepatitis of unknown etiology? 9. No Unknown Yes 9. No Unknown Yes 1. No Unknown Yes 1. No Unknown Yes 1. No Unknown Yes 1. No Unknown Yes 2. No Unknown Yes 3. Infection of vascular prosthesis infection? 4. No Unknown Yes 6. acute, culture-neg. endocarditis? 6. No Unknown Yes 8. chronic hepatitis of unknown etiology? 7. No Unknown Yes 8. chronic hepatitis of unknown etiology? 9. No Unknown Yes 9. No Unknown Yes 9. No Unknown Yes 1. Yes 1. No Unknown Yes 1. Ves 1. No Unknown Yes 2. No Unknown Yes 3. No Unknown Yes 4. Ves 4	1	
1. infection lasting > 6 months? 2. infection of aneurysm? 3. infection of aneurysm? 4. No Unknown Yes 4. suspect vascular protheses? 5. suspect vascular prosthesis infection? 6. acute, culture-neg, endocarditis? 7. osteomyelitis of unknown etiology? 8. chronic hepatitis of unknown etiology? 9. pneumonitis of unknown etiology? 9. pneumonitis of unknown etiology? 9. No Unknown Yes If yes, did exposure occur during parturition (birthing)? No Unknown Yes If yes, did exposure occur during parturition (birthing)? Did the patient have: Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes Elevated hepatic transaminase levels? No Unknown Yes Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? No Unknown Yes Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? No Unknown Yes Leukocytosis	1. acute hepatitis? 2. atypical pneumonia with abnormal radiograph? 3. meningoencephalitis? 1. No 2. No	Unknown Yes
Has the patient been exposed to: goats? No Unknown Yes sheep? No Unknown Yes other livestock? No Unknown Yes If yes, did exposure occur during parturition (birthing)? No Unknown Yes Laboratory Information Did the patient have: Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes Elevated hepatic transaminase levels? No Unknown Yes Levated hepatic transaminase levels? No Unknown Yes Louter in No Unknown Yes Louter in No Unknown Yes Louter in No Unknown Yes Levated hepatic transaminase levels? No Unknown Yes Louter in No Unknown Yes Lour in No	1. infection lasting > 6 months? 2. infection of aneurysm? 3. infection of vascular protheses? 4. suspect vascular aneurysm infection? 5. suspect vascular prosthesis infection? 6. acute, culture-neg. endocarditis? 7. osteomyelitis of unknown etiology? 8. No	Unknown Yes
goats? No Unknown Yes sheep? No Unknown Yes other livestock? No Unknown Yes If yes, did exposure occur during parturition (birthing)? No Unknown Yes Laboratory Information Did the patient have: Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? No Unknown Yes Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes Elevated hepatic transaminase levels? No Unknown Yes Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? No Unknown Yes Elevated hepatic transaminase levels? No Unknown Yes Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? No Unknown Yes Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes Elevated hepatic transaminase levels? No Unknown Yes 1. No Unknown Yes 2. Coburnetii DNA detected by PCR 3. No Unknown Yes 3. No Unknown Yes 4. Positive culture (C. burnetii organism isolated) 5. Elevated IgG titer (≥1:800) to phase I antigen by IFA (phase I titer > phase II titer if both available) SUPPORTIVE: 1. No Unknown Yes 1. No Unknown Yes 3. No Unknown Yes 4. No Unknown Yes 5. No Unknown Yes 1. No Unknown Yes 1. No Unknown Yes 3. No Unknown Yes 3. No Unknown Yes 3. No Unknown Yes 4. No Unknown Yes 5. No Unknown Yes 5. No Unknown Yes 5. No Unknown Yes 6. No Unknown Yes 8. Outhon Yes 9. Outh		
Did the patient have: Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? No Unknown Yes Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes Elevated hepatic transaminase levels? No Unknown Yes	goats? No Unknown Yes sheep? No Unknown Yes	other livestock? No Unknown Yes
Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes Elevated hepatic transaminase levels? No Unknown Yes ALT /AST CONFIRMATORY: 1. No Unknown Yes 2. No Unknown Yes 2. C. burnetii phase II antigen between acute and convalescent serum by IFA 3. No Unknown Yes 3. No Unknown Yes 3. No Unknown Yes 4. No Unknown Yes 4. No Unknown Yes 5. Elevated IgG titer (≥1:800) to phase I antigen by IFA (phase I titer > phase II titer if both available) SUPPORTIVE: 1. No Unknown Yes 5. No Unknown Yes 6. No Unknown Yes 7. Single elevated IgG titer (≥1:128) to phase II antigen by IFA 7. No Unknown Yes 8. Change I antigen by IFA 9. No Unknown Yes 9.	Laboratory Information	
1. 4-fold IgG titer increase to <i>C. burnetii</i> phase II antigen between acute and convalescent serum by IFA 2. <i>C. burnetii</i> DNA detected by PCR 3. <i>C. burnetii</i> demonstrated in a clinical specimen by IHC 4. Positive culture (<i>C. burnetii</i> organism isolated) 5. Elevated IgG titer (≥1:800) to phase I antigen by IFA (phase I titer > phase II titer if both available) SUPPORTIVE: 1. Single elevated IgG titer (≥1:128) to phase II antigen by IFA 2. No Unknown Yes 3. No Unknown Yes 4. No Unknown Yes 5. No Unknown Yes 6. No Unknown Yes 7. No Unknown Yes 7. No Unknown Yes 7. No Unknown Yes 7. No Unknown Yes 8. No Unknown Yes 9. No Unknown Yes	Leukocytosis (high WBCs)? No Unknown Yes Thrombocytopenia (low platelets)? No Unknown Yes	ALT / AST
1. Single elevated IgG titer (≥1:128) to phase II antigen by IFA 2. Elevated IgG or IgM by EIA, ELISA, dot-ELISA, or LA. 3. IgG titer to phase I antigen ≥1:128 but <1:800 by IFA. 1. No Unknown Yes 2. No Unknown Yes 3. No Unknown Yes	 4-fold IgG titer increase to <i>C. burnetii</i> phase II antigen between acute and conval <i>C. burnetii</i> DNA detected by PCR <i>C. burnetii</i> demonstrated in a clinical specimen by IHC Positive culture (<i>C. burnetii</i> organism isolated) 	escent serum by IFA 2. No Unknown Yes 3. No Unknown Yes 4. No Unknown Yes 5. No Unknown Yes
KEY: EIA/ELISA = Enzyme (-linked) Immuno(absorbent) Assay; IFA = Immunoflorescent Antibody; IHC = Immunohistochemical (methods); LA = Latex Agglutination; PCR = Polymerase Chain Reaction.	 Single elevated IgG titer (≥1:128) to phase II antigen by IFA Elevated IgG or IgM by EIA, ELISA, dot-ELISA, or LA. IgG titer to phase I antigen ≥1:128 but <1:800 by IFA. KEY: EIA/ELISA = Enzyme (-linked) Immuno(absorbent) Assay; IFA = Immunoflorescent Air	2. No Unknown Yes 3. No Unknown Yes

Case Classification										
1	For Acute Q-Fever, did	the patient have fev	ver (≥100.4°F)?				No	Unknown	Yes	
2	For Acute Q-Fever, did the patient have at least one of the following? Rigors Acute Hepatitis Pneumonia Elevated Liver Enzymes Severe Retrobulbar Headache (behind the eyes)					No	Unknown	Yes		
3	For Acute Q-Fever, was at least one of the following confirmatory laboratory results demonstrated? 4-fold IgG titer increase to <i>C. burnetii</i> phase II antigen between acute and convalescent serum by IFA; <i>C. burnetii</i> DNA detected by PCR; <i>C. burnetii</i> demonstrated in a clinical specimen by IHC; and/or Positive culture (<i>C. burnetii</i> organism isolated).						Unknown	Yes		
4	For Acute Q-Fever, was at least one of the following supportive laboratory results demonstrated? Single elevated IgG titer (≥1:128) to phase II antigen by IFA; and/or Elevated phase II IgG or IgM by EIA, ELISA, dot-ELISA, or LA.					No	Unknown	Yes		
5	For Acute Q-Fever, is the patient epi-linked to a laboratory confirmed case of Acute Q-Fever?					No	Unknown	Yes		
6	For Chronic Q-Fever, did the patient have at least one of the following? Acute, culture-negative endocarditis; Suspect vascular aneurysm or vascular prosthesis infection; and/or Chronic hepatitis, osteomyelitis, osteoarthritis, or pneumonitis with unknown etiology.					No	Unknown	Yes		
7	For Chronic Q-Fever, was at least one of the following confirmatory laboratory results demonstrated? Elevated IgG titer (≥1:800) to phase I antigen by IFA (phase I titer > phase II titer if both available); C. burnetii DNA detected by PCR; C. burnetii demonstrated in a clinical specimen by IHC; and/or Positive culture (C. burnetii organism isolated).						Unknown	Yes		
8	For Chronic Q-Fever, was the following supportive laboratory result demonstrated? IgG titer to phase I antigen ≥1:128 but <1:800 by IFA.					No	Unknown	Yes		
	UTE Q-FEVER:	Confirmed:	1, 2, & 3	or	3 & 5	Probable:	1, 2, & 4			
CH	IRONIC Q-FEVER:	Confirmed:	6 & 7			Probable:	6 & 8			