What is this blue circle?  
The universal symbol for diabetes.

American Diabetes Association Alert Day is the fourth Tuesday in March. The American Diabetes Association Alert Day is a one-day, “wake-up call” asking American public to take the Diabetes Risk Tests for developing Type 2 Diabetes. The tests are the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) “CDC Prediabetes Screening Test” and “Take the Family Health History Quiz.” The American Diabetes Association’s (ADA) test is “Are You At Risk For TYPE 2 DIABETES? Diabetes Risk Test.”

Why is Alert Day important?
Diabetes is a serious disease that strikes nearly 29 million children and adults in the United States and a quarter of them (seven million) do not even know they have it. An additional 86 million, or one in three American adults, have prediabetes, which puts them at high risk for developing Type 2 Diabetes. Unfortunately, diagnosis often comes seven to ten years after the onset of the disease, after disabling and even deadly complications have had time to develop. Therefore, early diagnosis is critical to successful treatment and delaying or preventing some of its complications such as heart disease, blindness, kidney disease, stroke, amputation, and death. In Alabama, 510,000 citizens have diabetes and another 254,000 have prediabetes. Prediabetes is when your blood sugar is high but not high enough to be called diabetes.

Who should participate in Alert Day?
Everyone should be aware of the Risk Factors for Type 2 Diabetes. People who are overweight, under active (living a sedentary lifestyle) and over the age of 45 should consider themselves at risk for the disease. African Americans, Hispanics/Latinos, Native Americans, Asian Americans, Pacific Islanders, and people who have a family history of diabetes are at increased risk for Type 2 Diabetes.

How do I prevent diabetes?
Studies have shown that Type 2 Diabetes can often be prevented or delayed by losing just 7 percent of body weight (such as 15 pounds if you weigh 200) through regular physical activity (30 minutes a day, 5 days a week) and healthy eating. By understanding your risk, you can take the necessary steps to help prevent the onset of Type 2 Diabetes. For additional information from ADA, go online to Facebook, stopdiabetes.com call 1-800-DIABETES (1-800-342-2383) go to the National Diabetes Education Program online at ndep.nih.gov/am-i-at-risk/family-history/quiz.aspx call 1-888-693-NDEP (6337), or go online to www.cdc.gov/diabetes/prevention then click “Could You Have Prediabetes? Take the Quiz.”