Marketing to **Primary Care Physicians**

Satellite Conference and Live Webcast Monday, June 10, 2013 12:00 – 2:30 p.m. Central Time

Produced by the Alabama Department of Public Health Video Communications and Distance Learning Division

Faculty

Cora Plass, LISW
Arthritis Program Manager
South Carolina Department of Health
and Environmental Control

Pilot Interventions and Locations

- Pilot conducted July 1, 2010 April 30, 2011
- Locations selected due to:
 - Availability of programs and staff to conduct pilot
 - -Population density
 - Number of physician practices, including rheumatologists

Pilot Interventions and Locations

- Charleston Phase I only (July 2010 - Dec 2010)
 - Seven practices
- Columbia Phase I and II (July 2010 April 2011)
 - Nine practices

Pilot Interventions and Locations

- Interventions
 - Selected because self-help programs are not as widely known and classes had been cancelled
 - -Wanted AFEP to become an ongoing program in Charleston

Pilot Interventions and Locations

- -CDSMP both areas
- ASMP Columbia only
- -AFEP Charleston only

Physician Practices

- Practices selected based on:
 - -Proximity to class sites
 - -Existing relationships
 - Type of practice most likely to get results
 - Those who responded positively to phone calls

Physician Practices

- · Type of practice
 - -Geriatric
 - -FQHC
 - -Primary Care
 - -Internal Medicine
 - -Rheumatology

Physician Practices

- Practice locations
 - -Columbia
 - Nine practices
 - -Charleston
 - Seven practices

DHEC and Partner Roles

- Health Department Roles
 - -Planning and oversight
 - -Staff training
 - Prepare / print materials
 - -Assemble packets
 - Physician outreach (Columbia)
 - Enroll participants (Columbia)
 - -Tracking contacts (Columbia)

DHEC and Partner Roles

- Partner Organizations and Roles
 - -University of South Carolina
 - Evaluation
 - -Capital Senior Center
 - Implementation site
 - Drew Wellness Center
 - Implementation site

DHEC and Partner Roles

- Lowcountry Senior Center (Charleston)
 - Implementation site
 - Physician outreach
 - Tracking contacts

Outreach Approach

- Make initial contact with known MD or NP when possible
- Phone call to introduce programs and schedule in-person visit
- · Identify key contact for each office
- Brief in-person visit to describe programs and drop off materials / class schedules

Outreach Approach

- Regular follow-up by phone, email, drop in / off
- Presentations to physicians and staff as feasible
- Intensify efforts / make specific requests to help fill a class

Results

- Participants who heard about a class from a targeted physician practice
 - -Charleston: 0
 - -Columbia: 21
 - Rheumatology: 7
 - FQHC (Primary Health Care): 14

Results

- Of the 21 who enrolled, only 8 attended the class
- Results did not necessarily relate to the number of contacts made to the physician practice

Lessons Learned

- CDC's name brand and materials lent credence to the project
- Select your partners carefully
- If not getting a response early, go elsewhere
- Identify a point of entry / key contact
- Be assertive and brief (3 C's)

Lessons Learned

- Maintain regular contact / provide feedback via phone, email, drop in / off
- Marketing to physician practices is labor intensive (relationship building)
- FQHCs and rheumatologists show good potential

Final Thoughts and Conclusions

- Marketing to physician practices is worthy of being considered as one strategy in a multi-faceted approach to marketing
- The classes offer something tangible that doctors can offer to help patients lose weight, exercise, or manage their health better

Final Thoughts and Conclusions

- Some thought should be given to what message practices provide to patients
 - Develop appropriate messaging
 - Consider how practices can include self-management and exercise messages as routine part of the patient visit

Contact Information

Cora Plass, LMSW
Arthritis Program Manager
South Carolina Department of Health
and Environmental Control

plasscf@dhec.sc.gov (803) 898 - 0349